### § 108.173

### §108.173 Class I, Division 2 locations.

The following are Class I, Division 2 locations:

- (a) An enclosed space that has any open portion of the mud circulating system from the final degassing discharge to the mud suction connection at the mud pit.
- (b) A location in the weather that is—
- (1) Within the boundaries of the drilling derrick up to a height of 3 m (10 ft.) above the drill floor;
- (2) Below the drill floor and within a radius of 3 m (10 ft.) of a possible source of gas release; or
- (3) Within 1.5 m (5 ft.) of the boundaries of any ventilation outlet, access, or other opening to a Class I, Division 2 space.
  - (c) A location that is—
- (1) Within 1.5 m (5 ft.) of a semi-enclosed Class I, Division 1 location indicated in §108.171(b); or
- (2) Within 1.5 m (5 ft.) of a Class I, Division 1 space indicated in §108.171(e).
- (d) A semi-enclosed area that is below and contiguous with the drill floor to the boundaries of the derrick or to the extent of any enclosure which is liable to trap gasses.
- (e) A semi-enclosed derrick to the extent of its enclosure above the drill floor or to a height of 3 m (10 ft.) above the drill floor, whichever is greater.
- (f) Except as provided in \$108.175 an enclosed space that has an opening into a Class I, Division 2 location.

### §108.175 Contiguous locations.

An enclosed space that has direct access to a Division 1 or Division 2 location is the same division as that location, except—

- (a) An enclosed space that has direct access to a Division 1 location is not a hazardous location if—
- (1) The access has self-closing gastight doors that form an air lock;
- (2) The ventilation causes greater pressure in the space than in the Division 1 location; and
- (3) Loss of ventilation overpressure activates an alarm at a manned station:

- (b) An enclosed space that has direct access to a Division 1 location can be considered as a Division 2 location if—
- (1) The access has a self-closing, gastight door that opens into the space and that has no hold-back device;
- (2) Ventilation causes the air to flow with the door open from the space into the Division 1 location; and
- (3) Loss of ventilation activates an alarm at a manned control station; and
- (c) An enclosed space that has direct access to a Division 2 location is not a hazardous location if—
- (1) The access has a self-closing, gastight door that opens into the space and that has no hold-back device;
- (2) Ventilation causes the air to flow with the door open from the space into the Division 2 location; and
- (3) Loss of ventilation activates an alarm at a manned control station.

## § 108.177 Electrical equipment in classified locations.

Electrical equipment and devices installed in spaces made non-hazardous by the methods indicated in §108.175 must only be essential equipment.

### VENTILATION

# § 108.181 Ventilation for enclosed spaces.

- (a) Each enclosed space must be vented or ventilated.
- (b) There must be a means to close each vent or ventilating system.
- (c) Each fan in a ventilating system must have remote controls installed in accordance with part 111, subpart 111.103, of this chapter.
- (d) There must be a means to close each doorway, ventilator, and annular space around each funnel or other opening to machinery, stowage, or working spaces. The means must be located outside the space.
- (e) Each intake in a ventilating system must be located so as to prevent, as far as practicable, the intake of noxious fumes.

[CGD 73-251, 43 FR 56808, Dec. 4, 1978, as amended by CGD 94-108, 61 FR 28270, June 4, 1998]

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